

Xdemvy Step Therapy with Quantity Limit Program Summary

This program applies to FlexRx Closed, FlexRx Open, FocusRx, GenRx Closed, GenRx Open, Health Insurance Marketplace, and KeyRx formularies.

This is a FlexRx Standard and GenRx Standard program.

The BCBS MN Step Therapy Supplement also applies to this program for all Commercial/HIM lines of business.

POLICY REVIEW CYCLE

Effective Date04-01-2024

Date of Origin
11-09-2023

FDA APPROVED INDICATIONS AND DOSAGE

Agent(s)	FDA Indication(s)	Notes	Ref#
Xdemvy™	An ectoparasiticide (anti-parasitic) indicated for the treatment of Demodex blepharitis.		1
(lotilaner)			
Ophthalmic solution			

See package insert for FDA prescribing information: https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/index.cfm

CLINICAL RATIONALE

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Demodex blepharitis	Demodex blepharitis is a common disease of the eyelid, affecting approximately 25 million Americans.(3) Blepharitis is a chronic inflammation of the eyelid margin and a common cause of chronic ocular inflammation.(2) It is characterized by erythema, ocular irritation and discomfort, discharge and debris on the eyelids and lashes and eyelash anomalies. In more advanced stages, there may be corneal involvement. Although blepharitis can have various etiologies, including allergic, staphylococcal and seborrheic, one of the most common is Demodex mite infestation and accounts for more than 60% of those with blepharitis. It has long been accepted that the prevalence of Demodex increase with age, affecting more than 80% of those older than 60 years and 100% of those older than 70 years. Demodex prevalence is lower among younger university-based populations and reported between 2% and 27%. Demodex blepharitis is equally present in both sexes and infestation was similar regardless of ethnicity.(3)

Collarettes are the pathognomonic sign of Demodex blepharitis. They are waxy in texture and composed of accumulated undigested material, keratinized cells, dead or living mites, eggs and egg casings of mites that form a cylindrical collar that remain at the base of the eyelash follicle. Collarettes can be readily identified at the base of the upper lash margin on downward gaze using a slitlamp. Ocular itching is the symptom most commonly associated with Demodex blepharitis, and evidence suggests that patients consider this to be one of the most bothersome symptoms associated with the disease. It is more likely to occur at night or early morning after periods of mite activity, distinguishing it from daytime, allergy-related itching. In addition to itching, other symptoms include dryness, discharge, eye redness, burning, tearing, foreign body sensation, pain, and blurred (or fluctuating) vision.(3)

The American Academy of Ophthalmology notes that a cure is usually not possible for blepharitis but many treatments or treatment combinations may be helpful including: warm compresses, eyelid cleansing, topical and/or systemic antibiotics, and topical

	anti-inflammatory agents. Patients with recalcitrant blepharitis have responded to therapy directed at decreasing or eradicating the Demodex mites. Oral ivermectin has been reported to be of benefit in some cases of recalcitrant Demodex blepharitis.(2) Ivermectin has long been used safely by dermatologists to treat Demodex-related skin conditions and is known to have an acaricidal effect. Ivermectin improves the signs and symptoms of Demodex blepharitis along with reducing the mite density.(3)
Efficacy	The safety and efficacy of Xdemvy for the treatment of Demodex blepharitis was evaluated in a total of 833 patients (415 of which received Xdemvy) in two 6-week, randomized, multicenter, double-masked, vehicle-controlled studies (Saturn-1 and Saturn-2). Patients with Demodex blepharitis were randomized to either Xdemvy or Vehicle at a 1:1 ratio dosed twice daily in each eye. Efficacy was demonstrated by improvement in lids (reduction of collarettes to no more than 2 collarettes per upper lid) in each study (Saturn-1 and Saturn-2) by Day 43. The endpoints of mite eradication (mite density of 0 mites/lash) and erythema cure (Grade 0) of Xdemvy vs. Vehicle demonstrated statistically significant improvement at Day 43 across both Saturn-1 (Table 1) and Saturn-2 (Table 2) studies.(1)
Safety	Xdemvy has no FDA labeled contraindications for use.

REFERENCES

Number	Reference
1	Xdemvy prescribing information. Tarsus Pharmaceuticals, Inc. July 2023.
	Amescua, G., Akpek, E. K., Farid, M., Garcia-Ferrer, F. J., Lin, A., Rhee, M. K., Varu, D. M., Musch, D. C., Dunn, S. P., & Mah, F. S. (2019). Blepharitis Preferred Practice pattern®. American Academy of Ophthalmology, 126(1), 56–93. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ophtha.2018.10.019
	Rhee, M. K., Yeu, E., Barnett, M., Rapuano, C. J., Dhaliwal, D. K., Nichols, K. K., Karpecki, P., Mah, F. S., Chan, A., Mun, J., & Gaddie, I. B. (2023). Demodex Blepharitis: A Comprehensive Review of the Disease, Current Management, and Emerging Therapies, 49(8), 311–318. https://doi.org/10.1097/icl.000000000000000003

POLICY AGENT SUMMARY STEP THERAPY

Target Brand Agent Name(s)	Target Generic Agent Name(s)	_	Targeted MSC	Availabl e MSC	Final Age Limit	Preferred Status
		T	1	1		
Xdemvy	lotilaner ophth soln	0.25 %	M;N;O;Y	N		

POLICY AGENT SUMMARY QUANTITY LIMIT

Target Brand Agent Name(s)		Strengt h	QL Amount	Dose Form	Day Supply		Addtl QL Info	Allowed Exceptions	Targete d NDCs When Exclusi ons Exist
Xdemvy	lotilaner ophth soln	0.25 %	1	Bottle	50	DAYS			

CLIENT SUMMARY - STEP THERAPY

Target Brand Agent Name(s)	Target Generic Agent Name(s)	Strength	Client Formulary
Xdemvy	lotilaner ophth soln		FlexRx Closed; FlexRx Open; FocusRx; GenRx Closed; GenRx Open; Health Insurance Marketplace/BasicRx; KeyRx

CLIENT SUMMARY - QUANTITY LIMITS

Target Brand Agent Name(s)	Target Generic Agent Name(s)	Strength	Client Formulary
Xdemvy	lotilaner ophth soln		FlexRx Closed; FlexRx Open; FocusRx; GenRx Closed; GenRx Open; Health Insurance Marketplace/BasicRx; KeyRx

Module	1 10 11	PY CLINICAL CRITERIA F	Clinical Criteria for Approval	
			Clinical Criteria for Approval	
Step				
Therapy	TARG	GET AGENT(S)	PREREQUISITE AGENT(S)	
	Xdem	vy	ivermectin oral tablet	
				•
	Targe	t Agent(s) will be approved when	hen ONE of the following is met:	
		The patient is assumently being	twented with the very coted areast or indicate	d by All of the fellowing.
	1.		treated with the requested agent as indicated rescriber that the patient is currently taking the	
			escriber that the patient is currently taking a	
		outcome on requested		
			that a change in therapy is expected to be in	effective or cause
		harm OR		
	2.	•	history of use in the past 90 days with ONE p	rerequisite agent OR
	3.			
			ated that the patient has tried a prerequisite a	
			t was discontinued due to lack of effectivenes	
	4. 5.		e or hypersensitivity to ONE prerequisite agered contraindication to ALL prerequisite agents	
	6.		ocumentation that the prerequisites cannot b	
	0.		n or comorbid condition that is likely to cause	
			to achieve or maintain reasonable functional	
		activities or cause physical or		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		. ,		
	Lengt	th of Approval: 2 months		
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OUANTITY LIMIT CLINICAL CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

NOTE: if Quantity Limit applies, please refer to Quantity Limit criteria.

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval
QL	Quantity limit for the Target Agent(s) will be approved when ONE of the following is met:
	 The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit OR BOTH of the following: A. The requested quantity (dose) exceeds the program quantity limit AND

Module	Clinical Criteria for Approval
	B. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the maximum FDA labeled dose for the requested indication
	Length of Approval: 2 months