

## **Camzyos Prior Authorization with Quantity Limit Program Summary**

Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM) is a common genetic heart disease reported in

This program applies to FlexRx Open, FlexRx Closed, GenRx Open, GenRx Closed, FocusRx, KeyRx and Health Insurance Marketplace formularies.

This is a FlexRx Standard and GenRx Standard program.

The BCBS MN Step Therapy Supplement also applies to this program for all Commercial/HIM lines of business.

#### POLICY REVIEW CYCLE

**Effective Date**11/1/2023

Date of Origin
1/1/2023

#### FDA APPROVED INDICATIONS AND DOSAGE

| Agent(s) | FDA Indication(s)   | Notes | Ref# |
|----------|---|-------|------|
| •        | For the treatment of adults with symptomatic New York Heart<br>Association (NYHA) class II-III obstructive hypertrophic<br>cardiomyopathy (HCM) to improve functional capacity and symptoms |       | 1    |
| capsule  |   |       |      |

See package insert for FDA prescribing information: <a href="https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/index.cfm">https://dailymed.nlm.nih.gov/dailymed/index.cfm</a>

# CLINICAL RATIONALE Hypertrophic cardiomyopathy

| (НСМ)    | populations globally. Inherited in an autosomal dominant pattern, the distribution is equal by sex, although women are diagnosed less commonly than men. The prevalence of unexplained asymptomatic hypertrophy in young adults in the United States has been reported to range from 1:200 to 1:500. Symptomatic hypertrophy based on medical claims data has been estimated at less than 1:3000 adults in the United States; however, the true burden is much higher when unrecognized disease in the general population is considered. Clinical evaluation for HCM may be triggered by occurrence of symptoms, a cardiac event, detection of a heart murmur, an abnormal 12-lead EKG identified on routine examinations, or through cardiac imaging during family screening studies.(2)  |
|----------|--|
| Efficacy | Mavacamten is a reversible inhibitor selective for cardiac myosin. Mavacamten modulates the number of myosin heads that can enter "on actin" (power-generating) states, thus reducing the probability of force-producing (systolic) and residual (diastolic) cross-bridge formation. Excess myosin actin cross-bridge formation and dysregulation of the super-relaxed state are mechanistic hallmarks of HCM. In HCM patients, myosin inhibition with mavacamten reduces dynamic left ventricular outflow tract (LVOT) obstruction and improves cardiac filling pressures. The efficacy of Camzyos was evaluated in EXPLORER-HCM, a phase 3, double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled, multicenter, international, parallel group trial in 251 adults with symptomatic NYHA class II and III obstructive HCM, LVEF greater than or equal to 55%, and Valsalva LVOT peak gradient greater than or equal to 50 mmHg at rest or with provocation. Patients on dual therapy with beta blocker and calcium channel blocker treatment or monotherapy with disopyramide or ranolazine were excluded. Patients with a known infiltrative or storage disorder causing cardiac hypertrophy that mimicked obstructive HCM, such as Fabry disease, amyloidosis, or Noonan syndrome with left ventricular hypertrophy, were also excluded. Patients were randomized in a 1:1 ratio to receive either a starting dose of 5 mg of Camzyos or placebo once daily for 30 weeks. Treatment assignment was stratified by baseline disease severity NYHA functional class, baseline use of beta blockers, and type of ergometer (treadmill or |

| exercise bicycle). Groups were well matched with respect to age (mean 59 years), BMI (mean 30 kg/m), heart rate (mean 62 bpm), blood pressure (mean 128/76 mmHg), and race (90% Caucasian). Males comprised 54% of the Camzyos group and 65% of the placebo group. At baseline, approximately 73% of the randomized patients were NYHA class II and 27% were NYHA class III. The mean LVEF was 74%, and the mean Valsalva LVOT gradient was 73 mmHg. About 10% had prior septal reduction therapy, 75% were on beta 2 blockers, 17% were on calcium channel blockers, and 14% had a history of atrial fibrillation. All patients were initiated on Camzyos 5 mg (or matching placebo) once daily, and the dose was periodically adjusted to optimize patient response (decrease in LVOT gradient with Valsalva maneuver) and maintain LVEF greater to or equal to 50%. The primary composite functional endpoint, assessed at 30 weeks, was defined as the proportion of patients who achieved either improvement of mixed peak oxygen consumption (pVO) by greater than or equal to 1.5 mL/kg/min plus improvement in NYHA class by at least 1 or improvement of pVO by greater than or equal to 3.0 mL/kg/min plus no worsening in NYHA class. A greater proportion of patients met the primary endpoint at Week 30 in the Camzyos group compared to the placebo group (37% vs. 17%, respectively, p=0.0005).(1) |  |
|--|--|
| Campuse carries a black hav warning for the rick of heart failure. Campuse reduces   |  |

Safety

Camzyos carries a black box warning for the risk of heart failure. Camzyos reduces left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) and can cause heart failure due to systolic dysfunction. Echocardiogram assessments of LVEF are required prior to and during treatment with Camzyos. Initiation of Camzyos in patients with LVEF less than 55% is not recommended. Interrupt Camzyos if LVEF is less than 50% at any visit or if the patient experiences heart failure symptoms or worsening clinical status. Concomitant use of Camzyos with certain cytochrome P450 inhibitors or discontinuation of certain cytochrome P450 inducers may increase the risk of heart failure due to systolic dysfunction; therefore, the use of Camzyos is contraindicated with the following:

- Moderate to strong CYP2C19 inhibitors or strong CYP3A4 inhibitors
- Moderate to strong CYP2C19 inducers or moderate to strong CYP3A4 inducers.

Because of the risk of heart failure due to systolic dysfunction, Camzyos is available only through a restricted program under a Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) called Camzyos REMS Program.(1)

#### REFERENCES

| Number | Reference   |
|--------|---|
|        | Camzyos Prescribing Information. MyoKardia (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Bristol Meyers Squibb). September 2022.  |
|        | Ommen SR. Mital, S, Burke MA, et. al. 2020 AHA/ACC Guideline for the Diagnosis and Treatment of Patients with Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy. Circulation 142. (25), e558-e361. December 22, 2020. Available at: https://www.ahajournals.org/doi/epub/10.1161/CIR.0000000000000937 |

#### POLICY AGENT SUMMARY PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

| Target Brand Agent(s) | Target Generic Agent(s) | Strength                | Targeted MSC | Available MSC | Final Age<br>Limit | Preferred<br>Status |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Camzyos               | mavacamten cap          | 10 MG; 15 MG; 2.5 MG; 5 | M;N;O;Y      | N             |                    |                     |

#### POLICY AGENT SUMMARY QUANTITY LIMIT

| Target Brand<br>Agent Name(s) | Target Generic<br>Agent Name(s) | Strengt<br>h | QL<br>Amount | Dose<br>Form | Day<br>Supply | Duratio<br>n | Addtl QL<br>Info | Allowed<br>Exceptions | Targete<br>d NDCs<br>When<br>Exclusi<br>ons<br>Exist |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|--|
|                               |                                 |              |              |              |               |              |                  |                       |  |
| Camzyos                       | Mavacamten Cap                  | 2.5 MG       | 30           | Capsule<br>s | 30            | DAYS         |                  |                       |  |
| Camzyos                       | Mavacamten Cap                  | 5 MG         | 30           | Capsule      | 30            | DAYS         |                  |                       |  |
| Camzyos                       | Mavacamten Cap                  | 10 MG        | 30           | Capsule<br>s | 30            | DAYS         |                  |                       |  |
| Camzyos                       | Mavacamten Cap                  | 15 MG        | 30           | Capsule<br>s | 30            | DAYS         |                  |                       |  |

## CLIENT SUMMARY - PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

| Target Brand Agent Name(s) | Target Generic Agent Name(s) | Strength                      | Client Formulary  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Camzyos                    | mavacamten cap               | 10 MG; 15 MG; 2.5 MG;<br>5 MG | FlexRx Closed; FlexRx<br>Open; FocusRx; GenRx<br>Closed; GenRx Open;<br>Health Insurance<br>Marketplace/BasicRx;<br>KeyRx |

### CLIENT SUMMARY - QUANTITY LIMITS

| Target Brand Agent Name(s) | Target Generic Agent Name(s) | Strength | Client Formulary  |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------|---|
| Camzyos                    | Mavacamten Cap               | 2.5 MG   | FlexRx Closed; FlexRx<br>Open; FocusRx; GenRx<br>Closed; GenRx Open;<br>Health Insurance<br>Marketplace/BasicRx;<br>KeyRx |
| Camzyos                    | Mavacamten Cap               | 15 MG    | FlexRx Closed; FlexRx<br>Open; FocusRx; GenRx<br>Closed; GenRx Open;<br>Health Insurance<br>Marketplace/BasicRx;<br>KeyRx |
| Camzyos                    | Mavacamten Cap               | 5 MG     | FlexRx Closed; FlexRx<br>Open; FocusRx; GenRx<br>Closed; GenRx Open;<br>Health Insurance<br>Marketplace/BasicRx;<br>KeyRx |
| Camzyos                    | Mavacamten Cap               | 10 MG    | FlexRx Closed; FlexRx Open; FocusRx; GenRx Closed; GenRx Open; Health Insurance Marketplace/BasicRx; KeyRx                |

## PRIOR AUTHORIZATION CLINICAL CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

| Module | Clinical Criteria for Approval  |
|--------|---|
|        | Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:   |
|        | <ol> <li>ONE of the following:         <ul> <li>Information has been provided that indicates the patient has been treated with the requested agent (starting on samples is not approvable) within the past 90 days OR</li> <li>The prescriber states the patient has been treated with the requested agent (starting on samples is not approvable) within the past 90 days AND is at risk if therapy is changed OR</li> </ul> </li> </ol> |

| Module | Clinical Criteria for Approval   |
|--------|--|
|        | C. ALL of the following:   |
|        | <ol> <li>The patient has a diagnosis of symptomatic New York Heart Association (NYHA) class II-III obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy (HCM) AND</li> <li>The requested agent will be used to improve functional capacity and</li> </ol> |
|        | symptoms <b>AND</b> 3. The patient does not have a known infiltrative or storage disorder causing  |
|        | cardiac hypertrophy that mimics obstructive HCM, such as Fabry disease, amyloidosis, or Noonan syndrome with left ventricular hypertrophy <b>AND</b>   |
|        | 4. ONE of the following:   |
|        | A. The patient has tried and had an inadequate response to a beta blocker <b>OR</b>  |
|        | B. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to therapy with beta blockers <b>OR</b>  |
|        | C. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to ALL beta blockers <b>OR</b>  |
|        | D. The patient is currently being treated with the requested agent as indicated by ALL of the following:   |
|        | A statement by the prescriber that the patient is currently taking the requested agent <b>AND</b>  |
|        | 2. A statement by the prescriber that the patient is currently receiving a positive therapeutic outcome on requested agent <b>AND</b>  |
|        | 3. The prescriber states that a change in therapy is expected to be ineffective or cause harm <b>OR</b>  |
|        | E. The prescriber has provided documentation that beta blockers  |
|        | cannot be used due to a documented medical condition or  |
|        | comorbid condition that is likely to cause an adverse reaction,<br>decrease ability of the patient to achieve or maintain reasonable   |
|        | functional ability in performing daily activities or cause physical or   |
|        | mental harm AND  |
|        | 5. ONE of the following  |
|        | A. The patient has tried and had an inadequate response to a calcium channel blocker <b>OR</b>   |
|        | B. The patient has an intolerance or hypersensitivity to therapy with  |
|        | calcium channel blockers <b>OR</b>   |
|        | C. The patient has an FDA labeled contraindication to ALL calcium channel blockers <b>OR</b>   |
|        | D. The patient is currently being treated with the requested agent as  |
|        | indicated by ALL of the following:   |
|        | A statement by the prescriber that the patient is currently  |
|        | taking the requested agent <b>AND</b> 2. A statement by the prescriber that the patient is currently   |
|        | receiving a positive therapeutic outcome on requested agent <b>AND</b>   |
|        | 3. The prescriber states that a change in therapy is expected to be ineffective or cause harm <b>OR</b>  |
|        | E. The prescriber has provided documentation that calcium channel  |
|        | blockers cannot be used due to a documented medical condition  |
|        | or comorbid condition that is likely to cause an adverse reaction, decrease ability of the patient to achieve or maintain reasonable   |
|        | functional ability in performing daily activities or cause physical or   |
|        | mental harm <b>OR</b>  |
|        | D. The patient has another FDA approved indication for the requested agent and   |
|        | route of administration <b>AND</b> 2. ONE of the following:  |
|        | A. The patient's age is within FDA labeling for the requested indication for the   |
|        | requested agent <b>OR</b>  |
|        | B. The prescriber has provided information in support of using the requested agent for the patient's age for the requested indication AND  |
|        | 3. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient's diagnosis (e.g., cardiologist) or   |
|        | the prescriber has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient's diagnosis AND  |

| Module | Clinical Criteria for Approval  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
|        | 4. The prescriber is enrolled in the Camzyos Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) program <b>AND</b>  |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | 5. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent   |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | Length of Approval: 12 months   |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | NOTE: If Quantity Limit applies, please refer to Quantity Limit Criteria.   |  |  |  |  |  |
|        |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | Renewal Evaluation  |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | Target Agent(s) will be approved when ALL of the following are met:   |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | The patient has been previously approved for the requested agent through the plan's     Prior Authorization process <b>AND</b>  |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | 2. The patient has had clinical benefit with the requested agent <b>AND</b>   |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | 3. The prescriber is a specialist in the area of the patient's diagnosis (e.g., cardiologist) or the prescriber has consulted with a specialist in the area of the patient's diagnosis <b>AND</b> |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | 4. The prescriber is enrolled in the Camzyos Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) program <b>AND</b>  |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | 5. The patient does NOT have any FDA labeled contraindications to the requested agent   |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | Length of Approval: 12 months   |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | NOTE: If Quantity Limit applies, please refer to Quantity Limit Criteria.   |  |  |  |  |  |

## QUANTITY LIMIT CLINICAL CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL

| Module        | Clinical Criteria for Approval   |
|---------------|--|
| QL with<br>PA | Evaluation   |
|               | Target Agent(s) will be approved when ONE of the following is met:   |
|               | <ol> <li>The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the program quantity limit <b>OR</b></li> <li>ALL of the following:</li> </ol>  |
|               | A. The requested quantity (dose) is greater than the program quantity limit <b>AND</b> B. The requested quantity (dose) does NOT exceed the maximum FDA labeled dose for the requested indication <b>AND</b> |
|               | C. The requested quantity (dose) cannot be achieved with a lower quantity of a higher strength that does NOT exceed the program quantity limit <b>OR</b>   |
|               | 3. ALL of the following:   |
|               | A. The requested quantity (dose) is greater than the program quantity limit <b>AND</b>   |
|               | B. The requested quantity (dose) is greater than the maximum FDA labeled dose for the requested indication <b>AND</b>  |
|               | C. The prescriber has provided information in support of therapy with a higher dose for the requested indication   |
|               | Length of approval: 12 months  |